

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION		
10/052,121	01/17/2002	Cato T. Laurencin	DRE-0067	1682	
7590 04/01/2005 Licata & Tyrrell P.C.			EXAMINER NAFF, DAVID M		
·			1651		
			DATE MAILED: 04/01/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/052,1	21	LAURENCIN ET AL.				
		Examine	or	Art Unit				
		David M.		1651				
TI Period for R	he MAILING DATE of this communicately  eply	ation appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	ldress			
THE MAI  - Extensions after SIX (i  - If the perio  - If NO perio  - Failure to a  Any reply i	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, so of time may be available under the provisions of 60 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communion of the provision of the for reply specified above, the maximum statustic reply within the set or extended period for reply will received by the Office later than three months after them adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e- ication. days, a reply within the ste ory period will apply and v I, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be tim stutory minimum of thirty (30) days will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 January 2005.								
·	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition (	of Claims							
4)⊠ Cla 4a) 5)□ Cla 6)□ Cla 7)□ Cla	Claim(s) 1-3,5 and 6 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-3, 5 and 6 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
Application l	Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) <u></u> The	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  1) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	-				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of F	Deference Cited (DTO 900)		<b>∆</b> □	(DTO 442)				
2) 🔲 Notice of [	References Cited (PTO-892) Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) 🔲 Informatio	n Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PT0	D-152)			

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#### DETAILED ACTION

An amendment of 1/10/05 amended the specification and claims 1, 3 and 6.

Claims examined on the merits are 1-3, 5 and 6, which are all claims in the application.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated

10 by Devin et al (document AE on PTO-1449) for reasons in the previous

office action of 10/8/04 and for reasons herein.

The claim is drawn to scaffold for tissue engineering comprising a biodegradable polymer-based hollow microcarriers with a density equal to or less than water bonded together into an interconnected, three dimensional scaffold.

Devin et al disclose degradable polymer-ceramic 3-dimensional composite matrices for use as a bone graft material. The matrices are porous and are an aggregate of polymeric microspheres (page 662, second paragraph under "Matrix fabrication" and page 663, under "RESULTS).

The matrices obtained by Devin et al are a scaffold as presently claimed. The microspheres of the aggregates appear to be hollow as evidenced by Figure 2, and due to being hollow and having porosity between the microspheres of the aggregates, the matrices of Devin et al inherently have a density less than the density of water.

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# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 1/10/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants urge that Devin et al do not produce hollow polymerbased microcarriers or methods adapted for their production.

This argument is unpersuasive since the method used by Devin et al produces an aggregate of polymeric microspheres. The microspheres can be considered microcarriers, and designating the microspheres of Devin et al as microcarriers does not make the microcarriers of the claims different from the microspheres. Figure 2 of Devin et al (page 664) shows the microspheres as hollow. This results from an emulsion being formed by combining a solution of 50:50 PLAGA dissolved in chloroform with a solution of PVA in water (page 662, 5th complete paragraph), and drying. This type of procedure is used in Example 1 of the present specification (page 14) where 50:50 PLAGA is dissolved in methylene chloride, and the resultant solution is added to a solution of PVA followed by separating microcarriers, which are dried and subsequently bonded together (Example 2). The microcarriers obtained are microspheres, and bonding the microcarriers together results in an aggregate as obtained by Devin et al. Even if the bonded together microcarriers resulting from Examples 1 and 2 in the specification are different from the aggregates of Devin et al, it is uncertain as to what this difference would be, and the claims do not require a difference. The aggregates of Devin et al contain the microspheres bonded together, which results in an interconnected

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network. Due to the microspheres being hollow as shown by Figure 2 as a result of an emulsion being formed, and having porosity due to channels between the microspheres, the aggregates of Devin et al will inherently have a density less than that of water.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 1-3, 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devin et al in view of Spaulding (6,001,643) and Granet et al (AJ on 1449), and if necessary in further view of Kusano et al (5,006,467), Henderson (4,448,884) or Starling et al (6,210,715 B1) for reasons in the previous office action and for reasons herein.

Claims 5 and 6 require seeding the scaffold of claim 1 with cells and culturing in vitro in a rotating bioreactor.

Devin et al is described above.

Spaulding discloses culturing cells in a roller bottle for implanting to produce tissue. Microcarrier beads having densities less than the cell culture medium can be used for cell attachment to constrain tissue constructs to the area surrounding the annular axis and away from the cylinder wall of the bottle (col 16, lines 25-30).

Granet et al disclose culturing osteoblastic cells on microcarriers in a rotating-wall vessel (page 514, section 2.1.2).

It would have been obvious to use the matrices of Devin et al for cell culture in a roller bottle as disclosed by Spaulding or in a rotating-wall vessel as disclosed by Spaulding since these culturing techniques are intended for culturing cells on a carrier. It would have been further obvious to provide the matrices with a density less

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than or equal to that of water as suggested by Spaulding so the matrices will surround the axis away from the wall. If needed Kuṣano et al (col 2, line 66), Henderson (col 2, line 12) or Starling et al (col 6, lines 59-61 and col 10, line 38) would have further suggested a density equal to that of water from disclosing cell culture with a microcarrier having a density of 1 g/ml or 1 g/cc. Culturing of osteoblast cells would have been obvious and if needed suggested by Granet et al since these cells produce bone as desired by Devin et al.

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## Response to Arguments

Applicants rely on the argument above that Devin et al does not obtain hollow polymer-based microcarriers. However, as set forth above, designating the microspheres of Devin et al as microcarriers does not make the microcarriers of the claims different from the microspheres. There is nothing in the claims to require the

15 microcarriers of the claims to be physically and/or chemically different from the microspheres. Since the scaffold of claim 1 is not different, as claimed, from the aggregated microspheres of Devin et al, the claimed scaffold does not circumvent limitations associated with static three-dimensional culturing methods.

20 Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date

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of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David M. Naff whose telephone number is 571-272-0920. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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David M. 'Naff Primary Examiner Art Unit 1651 Page 7

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